THE OUTCROP —IS— $2 a Year —IN— ADVANCE AND $2.50 TO PROPER WORTHY OF CREDIT.

THE OUTCROP.

The Pay-streak of Advts. never reaches out in this Paper. Try one before the space is all staked out.

Devoted to the Mining and Development of the Windermere and Golden Divisions of the District of North East Kootenay.

Vol. II., No. 11. Canterbury, B. C., Thursday, August 15, 1901. $2.00 Per Year.

Ledge Croppings

Happenings of Interest Among The Treasure Vaults--General News of This District.

The Peterboro sawmill is again running.

The Outcrop is on sale at A. R. Yates' Drug Store in Peterboro.

A meeting of the Presbytery will be held in Cranbrook in September.

The wagon road from Canterbury to Shushine Ranch is being completed.

Frank Cottle and partners have completed assessments for three years on the Steele No. 1 and 2.

The new pool rooms at the Delphine Hotel, Peterboro, are attracting the attention of a great many.

It is stated that a good strike has been made on the Monarch group, which is being operated by the Richmond Mining Co.

W. Alperson, manager of the Richmond Mining Co. of New York, is expected to return to this district in about three weeks.

C. H. Taylor, P. L. S., has commenced the survey of the wagon road from Peterboro to Firlands ranch is to be built by the Government.

These hot days bathing in Windermere lake is the most pleasant pastime. Quite a number of women and children are taking advantage of it.

Two mining experts examined the McDonald mines last week. They were very reticent and little could be gained as to their opinion of the mine.

H. C. Rohde desires to inform the general public that he has closed up his Harness Shop at Athalmer and it will remain closed until about the 1st of October.

E. H. Washburn, J. Fraser and T. Gest are now finishing the contract they undertook last fall on the Lowery and Silver Cup claims. They are running a tunnel of 30 feet on the Annie and 20 feet on the Lowery.

Prof. Morcau, of Paris, France, and A. Morin who were here last fall are said to be coming in by way of Fort Steele. Prof. Moreau is interested with the Electric syndicate who were operating on Toby creek last year, and we are informed that it is his intention to commence development on the properties under bond.

The owners of the Silver Tip, Toby creek, are negotiating a deal with Bottle, Wells, capitalists, who are expected to arrive here. Work will be started on the lower crosscut tunnel which is now in 127 feet and from which two drifts have been made. It is figured that it will take another 140 to tap the lead. This is a galena and gray copper proposition.

Kaslo and Little Jim.

Three claims are situated at the head of Toby creek and the two claims are located on the same lead, and are owned by Ross and Miller. An 18-foot open cut has been made on the Kaslo which has exposed to view four and a half feet of ore, of which two feet are copper pyrites averaging seven per cent and the balance galena carbonates.

On the Little Jim a cross-cut tunnel is now in 40 feet and work will be continued another 60 feet when it is expected the lead will be reached.

Never Sweat.

Fred Kempa, who arrived some time since from Butte, Montana, has been working on the Never Sweat mineral claim, which is located about one mile south east of the Silver Tip. The tunnel has now been run 30 feet on the lead and five sets of timber have been put in. He will continue work for at least another 50 feet before going back to Butte, where he expects to interest capitalists in the property, and will return here again. A fine specimen of the high grade ore has been placed in the Outcrop office from which assays have been obtained running all the way from 125 to 620 ounces in silver, 7 per cent copper and $5.50 in gold. The lead in the tunnel at the 30 feet mineral in three feet of clay, which is similar to the ore body. The ledge is known to be about 15 feet wide and the indications are that it is continuous.

Beautiful, warm weather.

A. R. Yates has just received a shipment of school supplies. See his ad.

About the only thing a newspaper man enjoys giving a free puff is a good cigar.

It is stated that Miss Jean McRae will arrive from the east to take charge of the Peterboro school shortly.

T. H. Taynton has commenced work in his Canterbury brick yard and will burn a big kiln this season.

H. G. Parson, of Golden has considerable to say about his grocery department in his ad. this issue. You should read it.

Telegraph operators in Germany receive $13.11 a week; in Italy, $5.20. They don't get any wages in the Windermere.

It is now quite fashionable for prospectors in this camp to arrive and depart from town by night, owing to the warm weather.

Two very fine carriages arrived in Peterboro on the Duchess Friday, the properties of Messrs. F. R. Brince and Geo. Starke.

W. Howard, who has been at the Hotel Canterbury for the past two weeks, started on his return to Calgary on yesterday's Duchess. He will spend a short time in Golden.

While Rossland is experiencing hard times on account of the strike the Windermere district has no such trouble. The men get good pay and give good work in return.

A young fellow by the name of Fuller is now spending three months at hard labor in the Athalmer jail for having stolen a pair of shoes and other articles at the Sinclair Ranch.

A force of six men have been put to work on the Paradise mine to further develop the property, under the foremanship of Mr. McMullen, of Seattle. A mill has recently arrived in the camp.

Bob Green, of Kaslo, is figuring on accepting a portfolio in the Dunsmuir's cabinet, but if he appeals to the Slocan electors his chances are very slim. Bob was elected by the vote of the Miners' Union, who will drop him like a hot potato if he says he will support Dunsmuir. Should he appear in the field as a candidate he will most likely be opposed by Billy McAdams, editor of the Sandon Paystreak. Billy is a good writer and can talk a whole lot, too, and if backed by the Miners' Union would be elected. Bob Green is a very good fellow and will, we believe, yet give up the idea of being a minister. The investment will have to have another premier before they can appeal to the country.

The annual meeting of the subscribers of the Windermere Hospital held in Peterboro Saturday evening was not as largely attended as might have been expected, owing to many of the men interested being out in the hills, and as a consequence it was postponed until the middle of October. However, those present considered many of the questions pertaining to the Hospital and it was decided to ask one lady from each of the towns to form a committee to devise ways and means to raise funds for several improvements that are badly needed—each lady is to get other ladies in her town to join the committee, and it is believed they will be more successful than the men in the matter. The Hospital has been largely patronized and is now very neat and comfortable, but there are still several improvements necessary.

The Montana.

There is a good trail to this property and a cabin and blacksmith shop have been erected. An open cut of 20 feet has been made and a tunnel run 58 ft. all in ore, showing the lead to be five feet wide. The ore is low grade yellow copper, carrying $4 80 in gold, but it is believed will prove to be of higher grade below and now to be of higher grade as depth is attained. This property is 40 acres in extent and is owned by Hess, Miller and Kempa and is located on the north side of Toby creek about two miles below the Kaslo mineral belt.

H. A. Blackburn, editor of the Kootenaian and Miss Mabel Davenport, both of Kaslo, were married in Nelson on the 5th inst. Success to you Blackie, and may your shadows ever increase.

It seems strange that in the same Province the C. P. R. trackmen should be on strike for $1.60 a day and a 10 hour shift, and the Rossland muckers on strike for $3 a day and an eight hour shift.

A mineral, agricultural and industrial exhibition is to be held on September 25th to 27th in Cranbrook. The Herald is boosting it and it is sure to be a success. No doubt a number will be in attendance from this valley.

The forest fire up Horse Thief is still doing a good business and has destroyed thousands of dollars worth of good timber. Such destruction should be put a stop to before all of our mountains are barren and our beautiful scenery marred.

A very pleasant impromptu social hop was enjoyed in the Athalmer Hall on Monday night. The attendance was not very large owing to the fact that it was not advertised sufficiently, but those who were there had a good time and are looking forward to another one before long.

Capt. Haywood and G. W. F. Carter went up Dutch creek last week to inspect some claims up that creek and returned to Windermere on Tuesday. A good deal of uneasiness was felt in town as to the safety of Mr. Carter as prospectors coming in stated that he had got off the trail and got lost.

It is stated that no less than four of our ladies are earnestly considering the subject of matrimony and already have the consent of as many of the fair sex. If they will give the owners of the properties a chance to reveal ores we will guarantee to make it interesting for them.

Steve Wilson, mayor of Athalmer, was in Canterbury last week. He was dressed in a suit of overall blue, and his face bore an expression of pained anxiety—he was hungry. He presented his card and got a drink on it. He states that he is not a Canadian capitalist in disguise, nor an agent for Barney Isnardo, district. As our mineral wealth becomes more important and development steadily uncovers wonderful bodies of ore, the thrifty farmer can see ahead of him only a few short years ere he will be as independent as any man can hope to be in any part of this fair Dominion. The demand will always exceed the supply and, therefore, this valley holds out as good inducements to the agriculturist as any part of this wonderful Province, which is saying a good deal.

Cereals have proven long ago to grow with wonderful luxuriancy; oats, especially have a remarkable growth, while the small amount of fruit trees planted are loaded with luscious fruit. This year is no exception and the whole crop will prove a good one.

In the agricultural sections of the province these are the days when the fronts of the lots of husbandmen are set forth to public view. People from Eastern Canada, with natural partiality for the home of their childhood, are apt to hold the view that there is no section of the Dominion which can produce such fruits as Ontario. They do not make allowance for the facts that in the days of youth the appetite is keen and the appreciation of all the good things that have been placed on the earth for the enjoyment of man become somewhat dulled with the passing years. They will probably find after passing a number of years in British Columbia when they return to the place from whence they originally came that the glamor has passed away, that the apples and pears are scarcely so luscious as the imagination painted them, and if they paid a visit to the Saanich or any of the other fairs of this province they would probably be ready to admit that in fruit as in everything else that maketh glad the heart of man, British Columbia cannot be beaten. Perhaps in the matter of cattle our farmers may lag a trifle behind those of the rest of the Dominion, but steps have been taken to remedy that and before the lapse of many years we shall probably be able to point with pride to the fact that in all things British Columbia leads the way.

We believe we are correct in saying that a few years ago the art of making butter was almost unknown in this country where the conditions for successful dairying are now plied, the greater part of the butter required for consumption being imported from Manitoba, the North-West Territories and Ontario where the land is under the grasp of the Frost King for at least a third of the year. No such assertions as that can be made now, for there is no better butter made on earth than that placed on the market by some of the farmers in this province. The example of these few is worthy of emulation by the many, not only in this one department of agriculture, but in all its branches. The demand for the products of the farm is so great in this province—with the possible exception of fruit, and perhaps that could be disposed of to much better advantage if more effective methods were employed in placing it in the hands of the consumers—and the prospects of the agriculturist are so bright by reason of the promise of remarkable mining developments within the next few years that probably in a short time all the land out side for agriculture in the province will be cleared and brought under cultivation.

AGRICULTRRAL RESOURCES

Farmers are Now Busy and Have Good Crops

Machineless Telegraphy

Is W. Galliher, M. P., a josher? In a letter received from him he is reported to have asked the question, How is the telegraph line working? or words to that effect.

No, Mr. Galliher, it is not working—machineless telegraphy is not worth the price of a snowball in the east. The wire is not connected and the next election is a long way off. Do, please, kind, good, dear, Mr. Galliher, let us have an opportunity to handle the lightening. We will send you a message of congratulation first-shot if you will only be so kind as to favor us with a machine and connection. We have the man, so come along like a good fellow, and let us spend our boodle, before our jeans give out.

Railroad Changes.

It is reported that Col. R. Marpole of the K. & S. Ry. has gone to the coast to confer with the C. P. R. officials on business of considerable importance to both roads. It is understood that the C.P.R. will abandon the Kootenay Landing terminal and will do all transshipping for the Crow's Nest road over the K. B. & N. terminals at Kuskonook. Also that the C.P.R. will lay down coal from the Crow's Nest to the Great Northern at Kuskonook. From there the K. B. & N. will get the water transportation to Nelson and the Nelson & Fort Sheppard the rail freight from Nelson to Northport. At present the Great Northern is shipping coal to Northport via the Kootenay Valley and main line to Spokane and then north again over the Spokane Falls & Northern.

A meeting was held at the Hotel Canterbury Monday evening for the purpose of forming a gun club. H. G. Gordon was elected secretary-treasurer and H. St. J. Montgambert president of the club. A membership fee of $2.50 is to be charged and about a dozen men agreed to become members. It was decided that the society should be known as the Canterbury Gun Club and that every lady in this district be invited to become members. Trap, pigeons, etc., are to be ordered at once and regular practices held. Another meeting will be held shortly to further discuss matters pertaining to the club. It is hoped that with sufficient practice an interesting contest will be made for the medal offered by the tobacco company. This is Canterbury's first effort at organizing a society and it is hoped it will prove a success.

The Outcrop has for sale a splendid map of a portion of the Windermere Mining Division, which has been compiled by T. H. Taylor, P. L. S., from surveys and explorations made by himself and others during the past year. This map is a very accurate one as Mr. Taylor has surveyed practically all the roads, trails, and mineral claims in the Division, and has taken great pains to have it correct. Every prospector and mining man should have one of them, which can be obtained at the office for $2.

An order and temporary injunction restraining the strikers at Northport, Wash., from attempting to interfere with the employment of nonunion men in the Northport smelter has been issued by Judge Hanford of the U. S. district court at Seattle. The order is sweeping in its terms, and prohibits the strikers, their agents and representatives from attempting in any manner to interfere with the company or by threats, force or persuasion to prevent any employe of the company from going to work.

The strike leaders at Rossland and the labor paper have taken a desperate view of the situation, it being the general opinion that if the B. A. C. people are able to operate the smelter steadily with a full crew the union miners at Rossland will be placed at a serious disadvantage in their strike there, some going so far as to say that the granting of the injunction will end the strike.

"Take care of the forest," says a Tennessee paper, in announcing that out of a single tree in Deer county victimen had got four cords of firewood, three gallons of honey and five raccoons.

Rev. J. G. Brown will conduct services each Sunday as follows: Windermere, at 11 a. m.; Athalmer, 3 p. m., and Peterboro, 7 p.m.

Golden Nuggets

Mr. Arthur Hamilton is making good progress in clearing off the rice track.

Mr. E. Sebastier returned from a visit to his home in Ontario this week. He brought with him a number of men from the vicinity of his home to work in the bush for the Columbia River Lumber Co.

Mr. P. Sebastian appears to be practicing elocution in Golden and has had good audiences at all of his entertainments. It is believed he figures on being the first mayor of Golden when that thriving town is incorporated. He is a gentleman of order and being one of the most ancient inhabitants should carry a big vote.

Mr. Fred Stalker was able to leave the Hospital on Wednesday having fully recovered from the threatened attack of appendicitis from which he was suffering.

A mother living in Peterboro, Ont., is enquiring for her son, Peter O'Neil, he came west in 1894, and was last heard of at Beaver, P. O. Address Box Bagley, Box 229, Peterboro, Ont.

The models which were used by the Golden Football club in the match with Revelstoke on July 1st are on exhibition in W. Alexander's window and have been much admired. They are of silver enamelled in two colors with a gilt centre which shows two figures in the game.

Jack Stewart has received the contract for the seven miles out of which the Canadian Pacific will have to build at field on the main line. The work is very heavy and is expected to cost well on to $100,000 per mile. Its construction will effect a great saving in the operation of the road both in respect to time and expense—Nelson Tribune.

This, no doubt, refers to that portion of the road between Field and Beaverfoot, a new route which was surveyed last summer, which will do away with the Ottertail grade.

The new game warden recently appointed can find work to do on the Kootenay river. Reports have come to hand of Indians from the Northwest coming into B. C., and killing deer and moose. They have already shot five moose, three bulls and two cows—and twelve red deer. If a white man were guilty of this infraction of the game law he would quickly be brought to justice, and as we no reason why Indians, especially those from outside of B. C., should be allowed to kill out of season. By all means let the Government enforce the game laws and see to it those who are guilty of infractions are made to suffer for their indiscretion, says the Era. It is the opinion of the game warden that the infractions of the law were committed before he was appointed, but he has just acted to the Indian agent that if such be so stopped.

THE OUTCROP.

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderfully Rich Mineral and Agricultural District.

Subscription, - - $2.00 a Year.

W. P. Evans, - - - - - Publisher and Proprietor.

CANTERBURY, B.C., THURSDAY, AUG. 15, 1901.

Last issue we stated that we believed the Mine Owners should ask the Dominion Government to foster the mining industry and return to this Province that which they have taken away. To show that this would be right and just we quote from the "Report of Delegation to Ottawa," which was used by Premier Dansmuir and is official :

"Coming to the statements of contributions to the Dominion treasury and the expenditure from the same in British Columbia, the result of computation covering a period of 29 years, is as follows :—

"The total amount expended by the Dominion in the Province up to 1st July, 1901—estimating the expenditure for the present year—will have been $28,915,386 ; the total contributed by British Columbia to the Dominion during the same period will be $42,474,292; leaving a balance in favor of the Province of over $13,590,000.

"The expenditures in the Province include the $750,000 paid to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co. as a subsidy, and all other railway subsidies ; the debt of the Province assumed by the Dominion in 1872 and interest on the same, and everything else directly or indirectly connected with the Province, which has been paid for by the Dominion.

"While the Province has a clear surplus of over $13,500,000 to its credit, apart, of course, from its legitimate share of the cost of government from Canada as a whole, on the other hand, the liabilities of the Dominion, which were $122,000,000 in 1872, have risen to $350,000,000. The position of B. C., therefore, is, that it has not only practically paid its own way and recouped the Dominion for everything that it has cost, directly or indirectly, but, in addition, has become liable for its share of the debt of the Dominion, which on a per capita basis, amounts to $30,500,000."

When it is considered that this Province is having no end of trouble and its leading industry is languishing from over taxation these figures look big. They are too big and it is little wonder that the local Legislature have to levy more taxes at each session. Thirteen million dollars should be handed back. This amount would just put the Legislature in a position to handle the business of the Province properly. They could lighten the taxes, build a refinery, a few smelters and place the mining industry on a proper basis. All of which would in a brief time return to them many fold.

If the Dominion Government will not assist by returning a fair portion of this money at a time when it is so much needed, then it is high time for British Columbia to withdraw from the Dominion.

If the Mine Owners' will appeal to the Dominion to return that which they have taken they can rely upon the support of the Legislature and also upon every man in the Province. Further, they would obtain their end much easier and quicker for these commissions are very slow and seldom satisfactory.

The Windermere was never in a better condition than it is today, and yet there are some people who are quite dissatisfied with existing conditions. Yet there is only one valid objection that can be registered, and the remedy lies in the power of the people of this district and with them only—we refer to the towns.

We have four burgs here, which, if put together, would make a decent showing, and it would be a glorious thing if the people would throw their sentiments aside and decide to have one town. Shake dice or, "call head and tails," to decide which shall be the future city, if it cannot be decided on merits. Each town has reasons advanced for its existence, but for the benefit of all concerned it would be much better to have one town. It would be better both socially and financially. Let us amalgamate and through our petty jealousies and differences to the winds.

The district is in a better condition in agricultural and mining development, and while we have not got the long looked for boom we are steadily growing.

It is our humble opinion that it would be better for many who have made their home in this fertile valley to give up waiting for a boom and set about to reach prosperity by hard work and steady development. A small boom is warrantable in this district, we could stand it, but a steady growth is preferable.

Had it not been for trouble in the lead market—caused by the trust—and the various other obstacles that have been instrumental in crippling the mining industry in this Province, the Windermere district would now be swarming with capitalists and their representatives. As it is the whole Province has been retarded, and it is only natural that a new camp like this should not be the scene of any great boom.

Yet in the face of this good progress is being made and will continue to be made. How can it prove otherwise? We have the mineral.

The Provincial Legislature has granted larger sums of money for public works for here this year than ever before, and consequently more men find employment. The mines are preparing to ship more ore than ever and shipments will be made from several properties that have never yet made a shipment. Good reports are coming from the prospectors who are just now busy doing their assessment work.

Considerable of our agricultural land has been taken up this year and cultivated, and the crops are turning out well, despite the late spring.

The few representatives of capital who have already come in, have either invested or are negotiating deals.

Taking everything into consideration there is no reason to be gloomy or despondent. In fact the prospects for this fall and winter are brighter than ever before.

G. W. F. CARTER, B.C.L.,

NOTARY PUBLIC

For the Province of British Columbia.

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WINDERMERE and CANTERBURY, B. C.

Union Hotel,

PETERBORO U H, B.C.

Having purchased this well known Hotel we ask a continuance of the patronage enjoyed by Mr. Skelton, the former proprietor, so liberally given him by the people of this district. We also wish to inform the general public that we are making arrangements to re-model and thoroughly renovate the building and will build an addition to it so as to give better accommodation.

The fire-escape will be excellent, the rooms airy and decorated with the latest results of the wall paper artist.

The Bar is now replete with the most modern, as well as ancient, brands of nerve producers. The Dining Room is always provided with food that is tasty, digestible and satisfying to the inner economy of man. We have good stables and horses for sale or hire.

STRANGER make for the Union Hotel when you reach Peterborough, and do not for get our names. It is

CHAMBERLAIN BROS.

T. H. TAYLOR, C.E.

Provincial Land Surveyor.

Surveys of Mineral Claims, Townsites, Roads, Mines, Etc. Crown Grants obtained.

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This Company now offers for sale their lands along the Columbia River and Lakes in blocks of 160 acres and upwards.

These lands have been carefully selected and comprise some of the best agricultural and grazing locations in the district. Prices from $1.00 to $5.00 per acre on easy terms, a cash payment of only $120.00 on 160 acres at $5.00 and nine subsequent annual payments of $100.00 each including interest.

For maps and terms apply to:—

R. R. BRUCE,
Peterborough, B. C.

F. T. GRIFFIN,
Land Commissioner,
Winnipeg, Man.

NOTICE.

Parties cutting timber or wood on the lands of this Company without authority will be prosecuted.

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No Agents. **Catalogues Free.**

M. J. HENRY,
Vancouver, -

Green House and Salerooms: 3009 Westminster Road.

WHITE LABOR ONLY.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I, Paulding Farnham, intend within 60 days from the date hereof, to make application for the purchase of the following land, situate on Iron Cap creek, in the Windermere Mining Division of East Kootenay and described as follows :—

Commencing at the post planted about 1½ miles west of the "Iron Cap" mineral claim, thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres.

PAULDING FARNHAM.

Dated at Windermere this 10th day of June, 1901.

The Mining center of the

WINDERMERE DIVISION

IS

CANTERBURY

Being beautifully situated on the Lake and stretching back to Toby Creek it is the

Most Picturesque Spot in British Columbia

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CANTERBURY.

Choice Lots from

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CANTERBURY, North East Kootenay, B. C.

HUGH MACDONALD,

BARRISTER,
SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

PETERBOROUGH,
North East Kootenay, British Columbia.

ROBERT ELLIOTT, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN AND
SURGEON.

PETERBOROUGH,
East Kootenay, British Columbia.

THOMAS O'BRIEN,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
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CONVEYANCER, ETC.

Office in Upper Columbia Navigation & Tramway Company's Building,
East Kootenay, GOLDEN, B.C.

JAMES BRADY,

DOMINION AND
PROVINCIAL
LAND SURVEYOR.

· MINING ENGINEER.
Golden and Windermere, B. C.

Mineral Claims Surveyed for Assessment Work and Crown Grants.
Surface and Underground Mine Surveys, Examinations and Reports.
Lands for Sale on Lake Windermere and and Findlay Creek.

C. F. NICHOLSON,

ASSAYER and CHEMIST

Having passed the examination for proficiency in assaying as required under the Bureau of Mines Act, the office is now a permanent fixture of the district.

All work will be promptly attended to and reliable results guaranteed.

PETERBOROUGH,
East Kootenay, British Columbia.

THE MINING FASHIONS

Mines That Are Again Attracting Attention

The mining of today is in many localities a revival of successful exploitation where it was supposed there was nothing to exploit. Great metal values are coming not only from new discoveries in new districts but as well from a renaissance of old mines in old districts. There are fashions in mines as well as in lighter things. After the discovery of gold in California, and for a dozen years following, this state dominated the imagination and pockets of men. It was the only gold land—the only territory for the investment of capital in mines, and gold mining was the only mining. A great industry for the time was developed, hundreds of gold mining propositions were promoted, great mills were erected, and all flourished like weeds in California springtime, till the fashion of putting money into California gold mines was changed by the dazzling yield of the Nevada silver mines, says the Western Mining world.

Silver mines and Nevada then for a dozen years and more were the source and scene of the wealth-getting activity in mining. The Comstock first always, then White Pine, Eureka, Austin, Pioche, Candelaria, drew men and wealth, built cities and fortunes, all on silver in Nevada, till again the resources of proportion and quick bonanza returns lagged and fashion in mines turned again her face, and the followers of the fickle dame spread over the new lands and in turn sought other metals and many strange minerals.

Utah, Arizona, Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, South Dakota and notable in foreign countries, the Australian colonies, New Zealand, Mexico, Transvaal, British Columbia and the Klondike together in turn each has been the fashion in mines. In some the hold on public interest has been broken. The older exploits, like California and Nevada, had brief glories of intense effort and dazzling yield of metallic wealth, to be followed with longer periods of silent rusting machinery, caving underground works and decaying structures.

These mines of past days are again becoming the fashion. The last ten years witnessed renaissance after renaissance of mines of the old mining camps in the Nevada and Arizona deserts, and in the Colorado and Oregon mountains.

The day is not far distant when North East Kootenay will be the fashionable mining camp, and today we hold the record of possessing the greatest grass-root producing mine in Canada—the Paradise mine.

KOOTENAY NEWSPAPERS

John Houston and other heavy losers in the journalistic sink hole are exerting themselves to promulgate the fact that newspapers in Kootenay do not pay. This truth is so self-evident that it is a waste of time to advertise it. Any man with sufficient observation to recognize that he is alive can see for himself that the industry in this glorious climate is a frost. British Columbia has more literary productions to the population than any other region on the outer crust of this terrestial sphere. These papers do not pay now and never can be made pay, for the simple reason that the population of the mining camps will never be sufficiently dense to give them a field.

The Tribune and Miner, for instance, are published in a burg of 600 inhabitants, just about sufficient to support one good weekly. The field of a daily is limited to the towns it can reach before any other daily. Whatever business it can get outside this radius cuts little ice.

One daily, by accepting whatever was offered it for boosting political and other causes, might possibly make wages for the printers and leave the manager enough to keep him out of the poor house. But so long as two of them stay in the field it will be a case of jumping sideways between an overdraft and the sheriff. What is true of the Nelson dailies is even more painfully true of Rossland's diurnal emissions.

The weekly field is as badly surcharged as the daily. Slocan has five journalistic nightmares. One weekly might possibly make an honest living if it had the whole Slocan to itself, but even that is problematical. At present not one of the editors is making wages, and every one of the bunch, with the exception of Lowery, who made money before the others knew the name of the camp, has gone in the hole on the journalistic proposition. To enumerate: Charlie Smtheringale, the inspiration of Slocan drill, was industrious enough several years ago to locate a few wildcats and is now reaping a harvest from that source, merely running the newspaper through force of habit, but the Drill does not pay him wages, let alone interest on the plant. The Matheson boys have a pill foundry in connection with the Silverstonian, which permits them to continue publication. Lowery's Claim promises to be one of the most lucrative literary ventures this far west, but the latter is a magazine not a newspaper, and its field is limited only by the ramifications of the Anglo-Saxon language. Lowery has made muckers' wages on the Ledge, but has never managed to make the paper pay interest on the $5000 plant on which it is produced. The Paystreak has managed to live off the job hook, making a kind of Mexican stand-off.

What is true of Slocan's journalistic endeavors is repeated in every other district in Kootenay.

It may seem curious to folks on the outside that newspaper men do not quit such an unsatisfactory vocation, but that is not so easy to do. Take a man like John Houston for instance, who has worked at the trade all his life (and John has been living since he was twelve years old); what is he to do if he quits the profesh? He is too old and stiff to cut wood or play professional ball and it is not likely that he could get a job sorting ore or hashing in a mine camp beanery. If John quit the business tomorrow he would be back at it again within thirty days, for the simple reason that he couldn't do anything else.

The same assay fits the rest of the gang. Most newspaper editors in this country are printers, like Smyth, McCarter, Wilcox, Pettipiece, Evans and Greer, who don't know anything else, says the Sandon Paystreak, which might as well have added to the list its own editor—Billy McAdams, and goes on to say:

In the meantime the press of the Kootenays is deteriorating. Five years more of this overcrowding and Kootenay newspapers will be as barren and fossilized and menial as the patent inside and out rags that disgrace the rural districts of Manitoba and Ontario. Already we find boiler plate and quack medicine readers holding conspicuous locations in many of the Kootenay journals that come to hand.

LOOK WESTWARD.

Say not, the struggle naught avail th,
The labor and the wounds are vain,
The enemy faints not, nor faileth,
And as things have been, they remain.

If hopes were dupes, fears may be liars;
It may be, in yon smoke concealed
Your comrade chases e'en now the fliers,
And, but for you, possess the field.

For while tired waves, vainly breaking,
Seem here no painful inch to gain,
Far back, thro creeks and inlets making
Comes silent, flooding in, the main.

And not by eastern windows only,
When daylight come, comes in the light
In front the sun climbs slow, how slowly,
But westward, look, the land is bright.

—Arthur Hugh Clough.

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FRANK DARGIS, Prop.

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Good
Stable Accommodation.

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North East Kootenay.

All Home Comforts. Bathing and Boating.

The Hotel Canterbury.

Replete in Everything.

Ideal Resort for Tourists.

Being in direct route to Toby and Horse Thief creeks it is the headquarters of all Mining Men.

Free Bus From All Boats.

Livery business in connection with Hotel.

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Bread and Cakes.

Fresh Fruit

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Rev. J. G. Duncan will conduct services each Sunday as follows: Windermere, at 11 a.m.; Athalmer, 3 p.m., and Peterboro, 7 p.m.

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SOCIALISM IN CANADA

Declaration of the Principles That Are Adopted.

There are at present twenty branches of the Canadian Socialist League and socialist clubs organized, in as many different cities, stretching from Halifax on the Atlantic to Victoria on the Pacific, by request the Central branch, Toronto framed a declaration of principles which reads as follows:

1. The Canadian Socialist League has been organized with a view of bettering the condition of the people by substituting in the place of the present system based on competition, privilege and class distinctions, under which the possession or control of the means of production, including land, capital, and machinery, enables the capitalist to practically enslave the worker, a system based on justice, equality and brotherhood, for a system founded on the common ownership by the people of all the means of production and distribution, and the democratic management of industry in the interest of the whole people.

2. We hold that no government or society can, or ought to, endure unless the welfare of the whole people is the supreme concern; and that the teachings of all history and experience show that communities in which the interests and privileges of a few have been held superior to the rights of the masses contain within themselves the elements of decay and dissolution.

3. The ever-increasing social unrest and economic disturbance noticeable in every civilized country, and the political corruption side by side with a degree of luxury and ostentation hitherto unparalleled, are the legitimate and inevitable fruits of an unjust social system which, if maintained, will destroy modern civilization. Only by giving effect to the principle of the unity of humanity, and the rights of each in the common social heritage, can the peril be averted.

4. The capitalists largely control the newspapers, colleges, churches, and political parties, and use them to advance their own interests, which, under the competitive system, are necessarily opposed to those of the people. Through these agencies militarism is encouraged and the people of one country are induced to shoot down their brothers of another country with whom they have no quarrel. We desire to educate the people to become conscious of the interests, and to refuse to fight the battles of capitalists, and also to vote to introduce a co-operative system which will abolish war, introduce international arbitration, and secure the rights of the masses of the people against an exploiting class.

5. Our political liberty is of little value unless to secure economic liberty. We endorse independent political action and the referendum as the most effective means to that end; and we recommend all members of the Canadian Socialist League to join the union of their trade or profession wherever it exists.

6. In our industrial development, a great revolution has taken place. The individual tool of former years has become the social tool of the present. The individual tool was owned by the worker, who employed himself and was master of his product. The social tool, the machine, is steadily passing into the hands of trusts and monopolies, and the worker is dependent upon them for employment. The trusts and monopolies thus become the masters of the people, and are appropriating an increasingly larger share of the wealth produced by the community.

7. The increased burdens which these great trusts and monopolies are imposing upon the industrious and useful classes of the community, the poverty, destitution and general moral and physical deterioration resulting from this system of wealth production, which aims primarily at profit-making and the centralizing influence upon governments which capitalists are able to exert on account of their great wealth, constitute a menace to society, and threaten the independence of the people.

8. The organization of industry which is being perfected by the trust is necessary. The benefits resulting from that organization should accrue not to a few, but to the whole people. This can only be brought about by public ownership. The Canadian Socialist League, therefore, stands squarely for the public ownership of all monopolies, and has for its aim the establishment of a co-operative commonwealth, based upon community of interests, in which such of the means of production, distribution, and exchange as are necessary to secure the industrial freedom of the people shall be the collective property of the entire community.

9. For the attainment of these ends the Canadian Socialist League looks to the spread of Socialistic opinions, and the social and political changes consequent thereon. It seeks to promote these by the general dissemination of knowledge concerning the relation between the individual and society in its economic, ethical, and political aspects, and it invites the co-operation of all persons and societies in Canada in this endeavor.

Subscribe for THE OUTCROP.

The steels workers' strike is assuming gigantic proportions. There is scarcely one of the 400,000 employes of the United States steel corporation but may feel it. It may be that the American Federation of Labor will call out its thousands who handle products of the steel trust. The structural steel workers may refuse to handle steel from the mills of the trust, the miners may refuse to dig coal for trust mills, the railway organizations may be drawn into the contest, although that is not probable. The trust magnates refuse to concede a single point to the employes.

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Take notice that I, George A. Starke, free miner's certificate No. B41047, for myself and acting as agent for Frank C. Stockdale, free miner's certificate No. B41083, Wellington Kinnee, free miner's certificate No. B41033, Baptiste Morigeau, free miner's certificate, No. B40052, and William De Pree, free miner's certificate No. B38039, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 22d day of June, 1901.

GEORGE A. STARKE.

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